



CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM

TO: INTERESTED PARTIES

FROM: TONY FABRIZIO, DAVID LEE & TRAVIS TUNIS

RE: KEY PARTS OF HOUSE REPUBLICAN'S ONE BIG BEAUTIFUL BILL ARE
POPULAR WITH KEY DISTRICT VOTERS

DATE: MAY 24, 2025

In a just completed survey of voters in several key Congressional districts (see methodology statement on last page), Fabrizio, Lee & Associates found there are several components of House Republican's One Big Beautiful Bill that are favored by clear majorities of key district voters:

- 63% favor "ending the federal income tax on tips" and 59% favor "ending federal income tax on overtime pay."
- 61% favor "extending the tax cuts for individuals that President Trump signed in his first term, which are set to expire at the end of 2025. This would save the average American taxpayer up to 2,800 dollars per year."
- 68% favor "providing funding and equipment for the U.S. Military to disrupt illegal drug supply chains and other forms of illicit trafficking in order to support U.S. law enforcement in their fight against drug cartels."
- 57% favor "hiring nearly 40,000 additional ICE and Border Patrol agents to address illegal immigration as well as drug and human trafficking."
- 72% favor "requiring able-bodied, working-age adults who receive Medicaid to at least look for work or participate in community service part-time in order to keep their Medicaid benefits, which would save America taxpayers hundreds of billions of dollars over the next 10 years."
- 68% favor "strengthening Medicaid eligibility integrity, which would require states to better screen enrollees and to immediately end coverage of people who are ineligible, saving the American taxpayers over 100 billion dollars over the next 10 years."

METHODOLOGY STATEMENT: Fabrizio, Lee & Associates conducted a survey of 1,200 registered voters in 72 targeted Congressional districts, from May 6-8, 2025. The interviews were split 35% live-operator cell phone/25% live-operator landline/40% SMS to web. Gender, age, race/ethnicity, party affiliation/registration, and education were matched to demographic profiles of registered voters based on the voter file and census data of registered voters. Respondents were randomly selected from lists of registered voters in each district. The margin of sampling error at the 95% confidence interval is $\pm 2.83\%$.

KEY DEMOGRAPHICS

Party Affiliation/Registration

Republican	32%
Independent	26
Democrat	35
Other	4
Don't Know/Refused	2

Race/Ethnicity

White	66%
Latino/Hispanic	19
African American/Black	7
Asian American	4
Native American/American Indian	2
Other (SPECIFY)	1
DK/Refused (DO NOT READ)	1

Age

18-34	25%
35-49	23
50-64	24
65+	26
Refused (DO NOT READ)	2

Education

High School or less	19%
Some College	42
4-Year College degree+	38
Don't Know/Refused	<1

Gender

Male	48%
Female	52

Census Division

NORTHEAST	24%
New England	4
Middle Atlantic	20
SOUTH	19
South Atlantic	14
East South Central	1
West South Central	3
MIDWEST	22
East North Central	14
West North Central	8
WEST	35
Mountain	15
Pacific	20