

Emergency Security Supplemental to Respond to January 6th Bill Summary

The Emergency Security Supplemental to Respond to January 6th addresses the insurrection with \$1.9 billion in funding to respond to the tragic events of that day.

We are acting on the recommendations of the Task Force 1-6 Capitol Security Review led by Lieutenant General (Retired) Russel L. Honoré and comprised of senior retired military leaders and law enforcement experts, to secure the safety of the Capitol, protect facilities, Members, employees, and visitors going forward, and provide for safe and healthy Congressional operations. It is long overdue recognition of the work of the Capitol Police, the sacrifices that they and their families have made, and the changes they need.

Responding to the January 6 Insurrection

National Guard – \$520.9 million for unanticipated pay and operations costs for the National Guard deployment at the Capitol and throughout the National Capital Region from January 6 to May 23. (Defense Subcommittee)

District of Columbia Emergency Planning and Security Fund — \$66.8 million for reimbursement to the District of Columbia for costs incurred in their response to the January 6 insurrection and other costs of providing security related to the federal presence in the District. This funding was discussed at the Appropriations Committee's bipartisan briefing. (Financial Services and General Government Subcommittee)

Capitol Police – \$43.9 million for the Capitol Police response to the January 6 insurrection, including:

- \$31.1 million for Salaries to backfill overtime expected until the Capitol Police can hire, train, and deploy more officers and benefits to retain current officers, including \$6.9 million for hazard pay; \$3.6 million for retention bonuses; and \$2.5 million for tuition credits to help with retention
- \$3.32 million for the Intelligence Division for human and technical resources
- \$5.048 million for Equipment and Services, including \$2.716 million for reimbursement for equipment since the January 6 insurrection; \$1.332 million for gas masks, tactical vests, body armor, and other equipment; \$900,000 for cellular phone capability; and \$100,000 for legal services
- \$4.411 million for Wellness and Trauma Support, including 6 new mental health counselors and wellness resilience specialists and 2.5 million to reimburse for U.S. Marshals Service for trauma support

The legislation also renames the Capitol Police wellness program the Howard C. "Howie" Liebengood Center for Wellness.

This funding is informed by information from the Capitol Police, the Capitol Police Inspector General, and the Capitol Security Review. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)



Architect of the Capitol – \$40 million to backfill accounts that were used by the Architect to pay for costs directly related to the January 6 insurrection. This funding is response to a request from the Architect of the Capitol. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Prosecution Support – \$39.5 million to process the hundreds of prosecutions of perpetrators of the January 6 insurrection, including \$34 million for United States Attorneys; \$3.8 million for the Criminal Division of the Department Justice; and \$1.7 million for the National Security Division of the Department of Justice. (Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

Library of Congress – \$13.7 million for upgrading the integrated electronic security system and the unanticipated cost of housing National Guard personnel. This funding was requested by the Librarian of Congress. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) – \$5.5 million for the costs of FBI activities in response to the January 6 insurrection. (Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) – \$1.8 million for the costs of BOP activities in response to the January 6 insurrection. (Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) – \$1.5 million for the costs of ATF activities in response to the January 6 insurrection. (Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

National Park Service – \$1.4 million for overtime costs and resource damages that occurred while responding to the January 6 insurrection. (Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

U.S. Marshals Service – \$1 million for the costs of U.S. Marshals Service activities in response to the January 6 insurrection. (Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

Office of Employee Assistance - \$500,800 for additional trauma counselors and support for the Office of Employee Assistance. This funding was requested by the Office of Employee Assistance. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Protecting Facilities, Members, Employees, and Visitors

Architect of the Capitol - \$529.7 million, including:

Future Capitol Grounds Security - \$250 million to address future needs stemming from the ongoing security assessments to meet costs involving physical security of the Capitol complex infrastructure. Funds may be used for redesign of Capitol landscape architect, retractable or "pop-in" fencing, and security sensors. This funding is in response to the Capitol Security Review and recommendations from the Architect of Capitol, Capitol Police Inspector General, and the House Sergeant-at-Arms. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)



- Window and Door Hardening \$162.7 million to upgrade accessible windows and doors on the U.S.
 Capitol and the House and Senate office buildings. This funding is in response to the Capitol Security
 Review and was requested the Architect of Capitol and the House Sergeant-at-Arms. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)
- Security Screening Vestibules \$100 million for screening vestibules at the North and South doors of the
 Capitol and for design and construction costs for vestibules at the House and Senate office buildings. This
 funding is in response to the Capitol Security Review and was requested by the Architect of Capitol and
 the House Sergeant-at-Arms. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)
- Cameras \$17 million to install new cameras around the Capitol Building and House office buildings for
 safety and security purposes. This funding is in response to the Capitol Security Review and was requested
 by the Architect of Capitol and the House Sergeant-at-Arms. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Quick Reaction Force – \$200 million to create a dedicated Quick Reaction Force to augment the Capitol Police. This would be a ground force equivalent of the 113th Wing within the District of Columbia Air National Guard at Joint Base Andrews, which defends National Capital Region airspace. This funding is consistent with the recommendations of the Capitol Security Review. (Defense Subcommittee)

House Sergeant-at-Arms - \$21.5 million, including:

- Member Security \$7.4 million for enhanced security and threat assessments. This funding is in response
 to the Capitol Security Review and was requested by the House Sergeant-at-Arms. (Legislative Branch
 Subcommittee)
- Coordinated Member Travel Security \$3.5 million for centralized coordination of Member Security
 while traveling through dedicated Member security teams. This funding is in response to the Capitol
 Security Review and was requested by the House Sergeant-at-Arms. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)
- District Security Upgrades \$10.6 million for the House Sergeant-at-Arms to install basic security and camera system in district offices. This funding is in response to the Capitol Security Review. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Capitol Police - \$18 million, including:

- Capitol Police Body Cameras \$8.6 million to provide body cameras for Capitol Police officers whose job duties include interacting with the general public. These cameras are in addition to the existing network of cameras in place on the Capitol Complex. To protect Constitutional rights, the Capitol Police must notify the House Office of the General Counsel and any Member, officer, or employee of the House involved before any footage is shared with a third party. This provision is in response to the Capitol Security Review. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)
- Capitol Police Specialized Training \$6.8 million, including \$3.3 million for collective threat, cyber, intelligence, and counter assault training; \$2.6 million for physical protection barriers and Civil



Disturbance Unit equipment; and \$880,000 for specialized vehicles and tactics training for the Civil Disturbance Unit. This funding is in response to the Capitol Security Review and was recommended by the Capitol Police and the Capitol Police Inspector General. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

 Riot Control Equipment - \$2.6 million to procure basic riot control equipment to outfit all officers with ballistic helmets, batons, and body shields. This funding is in response to the Capitol Security Review and was requested by the House Sergeant-at-Arms. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Judicial Security, The Judiciary - \$157.5 million to address security threats to federal judges and court facilities, including upgrades to security camera systems at priority federal courthouses. This funding is based on extensive conversations and briefings from the Judicial Conference of the United States. (Financial Services and General Government Subcommittee)

Judicial Security, U.S. Marshals Service – \$25 million to protect Federal judges, a number of whom will be presiding over the trials of defendants accused of involvement in the January 6 insurrection. This funding is in response to a request from the Judicial Conference of the United States. (Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

National Park Service – \$7.6 million for U.S. Park Police equipment and infrastructure to meet security challenges associated with large-scale special events and demonstrations that move from the National Mall to the Capitol Complex. (Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Subcommittee)

U.S. Secret Service (USSS) – \$6.8 million for several security needs exposed by the January 6 insurrection, including:

- \$2.87 million for non-lethal capabilities, including expanded electronic control device training and issuance, non-lethal munitions and equipment, and Civil Disobedience Unit (CDU) deployment vehicles
- \$2 million to reimburse USSS for temporary anti-scale fencing for the White House Complex, which was before and after the inauguration, including fencing around Blair House while the Vice President resided there during renovations to the Naval Observatory
- \$1.6 million for the Open Source Intelligence Branch of the Protective Intelligence and Assessment Division to better mitigate threats to protective operations and ensure threats like those leading up to January 6 receive an appropriate response
- \$330,000 for training and equipment for CDUs, which are required to be highly-trained to protect the White House, the President and Vice President, and other protectees from legitimate threat and deescalate tense situations while respecting First Amendment rights

(Homeland Security Subcommittee)

General Services Administration (GSA) Security Assessments —\$5 million to conduct security assessments of federal buildings, including buildings that contain childcare facilities, to determine the required scope of security improvements. This funding is in response to vulnerabilities identified by the GSA Inspector General. (Financial Services and General Government Subcommittee)

Providing for Safe and Healthy Congressional Operations

Architect of the Capitol – \$99.6 million for reimbursements and other costs of the response to COVID-19. This includes enhanced cleaning, personal protective equipment, telework equipment, and essential overtime pay. This funding was requested by the Architect of the Capitol. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

House of Representatives Expenses – \$31 million for reimbursements and other costs of the response to COVID-19. This includes personal protective equipment, telework equipment, contractor support costs, and emergency supplies. This funding was significantly informed by the Chief Administrative Officer of the House of Representatives. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Library of Congress – \$16.2 million for reimbursements and other costs of the response to COVID-19. This includes enhanced cleaning, personal protective equipment, and telework equipment. This funding was requested by the Librarian of Congress. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Government Publishing Office – \$7.3 million for the Government Publishing Office Business Operations Revolving Fund, which has been affected by the response to COVID-19. This funding was requested by the Government Publishing Office. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

U.S. Capitol Police - \$800,000 for reimbursements and other costs of the response to COVID-19. This includes personal protective equipment and hotel rooms for Officers and staff who were unable to return home to due COVID-19-positive cohabitants. This funding was requested by the U.S. Capitol Police Chief Administrative Office. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Congressional Budget Office (CBO) – \$170,000 for reimbursements and other costs of the response to COVID-19, primarily telework equipment. This funding was requested by the Congressional Budget Office. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)

Death Gratuities - \$348,000 for customary death gratuities for the families of the late Representatives Ron Wright, Republican of Texas, and Alcee L. Hastings, Democrat of Florida. These death gratuities are consistent with the traditional Congressional practice of providing a payment to the families of Members who die in office. (Legislative Branch Subcommittee)