

Sanctioning Russia Act of 2025 Summary

Title I – Sanctions, Tariffs, and Other Provisions

- Within 30 days of enactment, this bill imposes sanctions on Russian officials, oligarchs, their family members, foreign persons, Russian banks and financial institutions, and foreign persons and entities that engage with these sanctioned persons or entities
- Additionally, this bill would:
 - Allow POTUS to impose tariffs on any country that purchases Russian origin oil, uranium, natural gas, liquefied natural gas, petroleum, petroleum products, petrochemical products, coal, or coal products
 - Impose sanctions on the Russian Shadow Fleet and / or any foreign person or vessel that is used by the Government of the Russian Federation for sanctions evasion;
 - Codify Executive Order sanctions continued by POTUS on April 10, 2025 with respect to specified harmful foreign activities of the Government of the Russian Federation (90 Fed. Reg. 15523);
 - Impose sanctions on any entity that the Government of the Russian Federation has a controlling or majority ownership interest in;
 - Prohibit a broker or dealer registered with the SEC from processing transfers of funds to or from the Government of the Russian Federation;
 - Prohibit any U.S. person from making any investments in the Russian Federation;
 - Prohibit the export, reexport, or in-country transfer to Russia of any energy or energy product produced in the U.S.;
 - Prohibit any new investment in the energy sector of the Russian Federation by a U.S. person;
 - Prohibit the purchase of sovereign debt of the Government of the Russian Federation by any U.S. person or U.S. financial institution;
 - Impose sanctions on any entity predominantly engaged in the business of providing global financial messaging services being used to circumvent sanctions; and
 - Require all necessary steps continue to be taken to implement the requirements and timelines of section 3112A(d) of the USEC Privatization Act 42 U.S.C. 2297h–10a(d)), regarding the importation of uranium from the Russian Federation, including the importation of any uranium from Rosatom State Corporation or any subsidiary or successor entity

Waiver

- POTUS may waive any provision of Title I
- Key provisions include:
 - Sanctions on any foreign individuals, financial institutions, or entities sanctioned under Title I;
 - Any prohibitions imposed under Title I;
 - Any tariffs imposed under Title I
- Prior to issuing the waiver, POTUS shall:
 - Certify to Congress and submit a report explaining why a waiver is in the national interest of the U.S.
 - Reports may be consolidated by section
 - Reports shall be submitted in an unclassified form, with a classified annex if needed

Termination and Joint Resolution of Disapproval

- POTUS may terminate any provision under Title I, including sanctions, prohibitions, tariffs, and other measures and provisions, after POTUS certifies and reports to Congress that:
 - 1. *For Russian persons and the Russian Federation*, that the Russian Federation:
 - Has signed a peace agreement that is accepted by the free and independent Government of Ukraine; and
 - Ceased all military hostilities against and any activities to overthrow, dismantle, and subvert the Government of Ukraine
 - 2. *For other foreign persons and foreign countries* (includes entities) that:

- The government of the foreign country or the foreign person is not engaging in the activity that was the basis for the sanctions or other measures; and
- POTUS has received reliable assurances that the government of the foreign country or the foreign person will not knowingly engage in activity subject to sanctions or other measures under Title I in the future
- For any report submitted under (1) or (2), Congress would have the opportunity to introduce a JRD:
 - The JRD would be considered using expedited procedures in both chambers, with Senate procedures requiring:
 - Referral to appropriate committee and automatic discharge after 10 days
 - If vote to consider (60 vote threshold), then Floor consideration (10 hours equally divided)
 - Following Floor consideration, 60 votes needed for passage
 - Consideration in the Senate of any veto message with respect to a JRD, including all debatable motions and appeals in connection with the joint resolution, shall be limited to 10 hours

Title II – Other Matters

- Strike the sunset provision in the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) to apply additional pressure directly on Iran as they continue to support Russia's invasion of Ukraine
- Included a severability clause